

[India Map to follow]

**B.T.S. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, MAY 2015**

**Second Semester**

Core Course VI – GEOGRAPHY FOR TOURISM

(2013 Admission onwards)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

**Part A (Short Answer Questions)**

*Answer all questions.*

*1 mark each.*

1. Define Geology.
2. What do you mean by topography?
3. Which are the neighboring countries of India?
4. Define Weather.
5. Name any *two* important models in the geography of tourism.
6. What is a globe?
7. Define Latitude.
8. What is GPS?
9. Name any *two* wildlife sanctuaries of Kerala.
10. Mention any *two* destinations in India famous for deep sea scuba diving.

(10 × 1 = 10)

**Part B (Brief Answer Questions)**

*Answer any eight questions.*

*2 marks each.*

11. Distinguish between weather and climate.
12. What is Tropic of Capricorn?
13. Write a note on tribal tourism.
14. Differentiate between equinox and equator.
15. Define GMT.
16. Which are the main topographic areas in India?

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17. Briefly narrate the geographical distribution of Kerala tribes.
18. What do you mean by forest wealth?
19. What is global warming?
20. What are mangrove forests?
21. What is a biological reserve?
22. What is trekking?

(8 × 2 = 16)

**Part C (Descriptive/Short Essay Type Questions)**

*Answer any six questions.*

*4 marks each.*

23. Define map and write a note on the various types of maps.
24. Differentiate between Himalayan and Perennial rivers.
25. Mention the application of GPS in tourism.
26. What are the geographical problems faced by modern tourism?
27. Write a note on the major tourism destinations in Himachal Pradesh.
28. Write brief notes on the important tourism generating regions of South India.
29. What are wetlands? What are their advantages?
30. Discuss on the geographical features of tourism.
31. Briefly describe the tourism in Goa.

(6 × 4 = 24)

**Part D (Long Essay)**

*Answer any two questions from the following.*

*15 marks each.*

32. Explain the relation between climate, seasonality and tourism.
33. What is the role of geographical diversity, people, culture and climate in making Kerala 'God's own Country'?
34. Explain geography of tourism. What are the geographical determinants of tourism?
35. In the given map of India, mark the following destinations :
 

(a) Simla.	(b) Goa.
(c) Minicoy.	(d) Bekal Fort.
(e) Muziris.	

(2 × 15 = 30)